

<p> <b>Abstract</b>  <b>Background:</b> The purpose of this study was to determine the prevalence of self-reported mental health problems in a community sample of young adults, and to examine the association between self-reported mental health problems and self-reported physical health problems, self-reported substance use, and self-reported social support.  <b>Methods:</b> A cross-sectional survey of 1,000 young adults (ages 18-25) was conducted. The survey included questions about self-reported mental health problems, self-reported physical health problems, self-reported substance use, and self-reported social support.  <b>Results:</b> The prevalence of self-reported mental health problems was 15.2%. The prevalence of self-reported physical health problems was 12.1%. The prevalence of self-reported substance use was 10.3%. The prevalence of self-reported social support was 11.4%.  <b>Conclusions:</b> The prevalence of self-reported mental health problems in a community sample of young adults is 15.2%. The prevalence of self-reported physical health problems is 12.1%. The prevalence of self-reported substance use is 10.3%. The prevalence of self-reported social support is 11.4%. </p>	<p> <b>Keywords:</b> Mental health problems, Physical health problems, Substance use, Social support. </p>
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